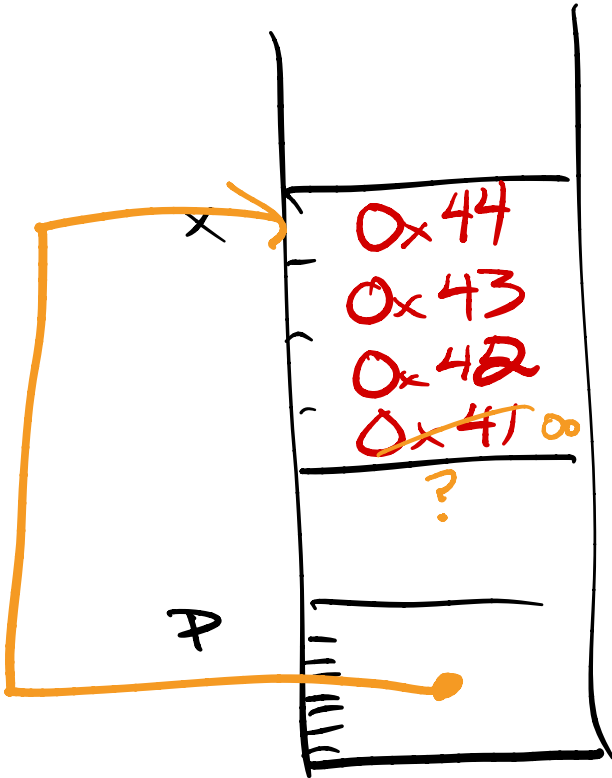


CS 208

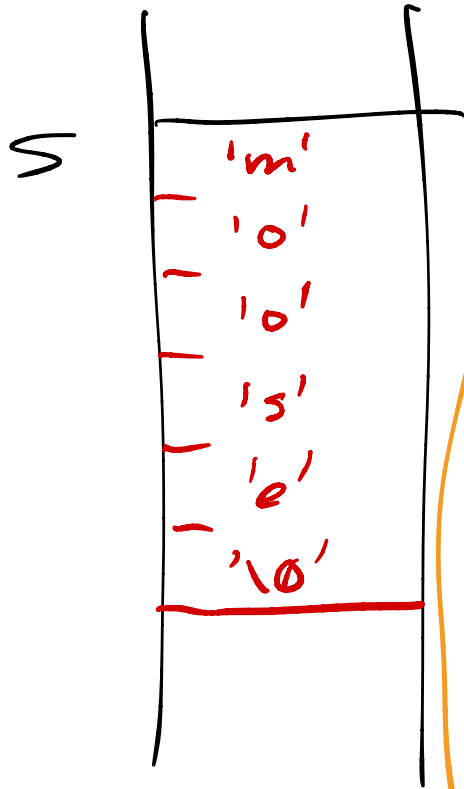
W, 24 Jan 2024

int x = 0x~~41~~424344;

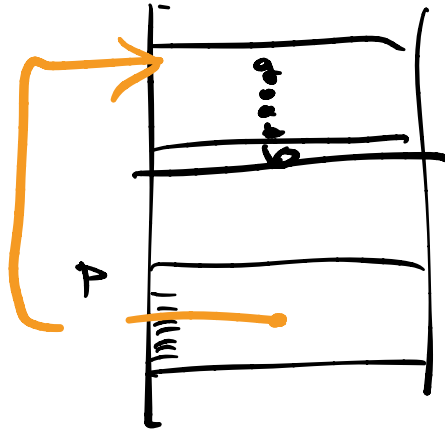
char *p
= (char*)(8x);



char s[] = "moose";



char *p = "goat";



```
char ch = 0xC3;  
printf("0x%x\n", ch);
```

What does printf do?

- %x - I want/expect
an int

- ch isn't an int! But
I can change it, cuz
it's like a little int



"sign
extension"

