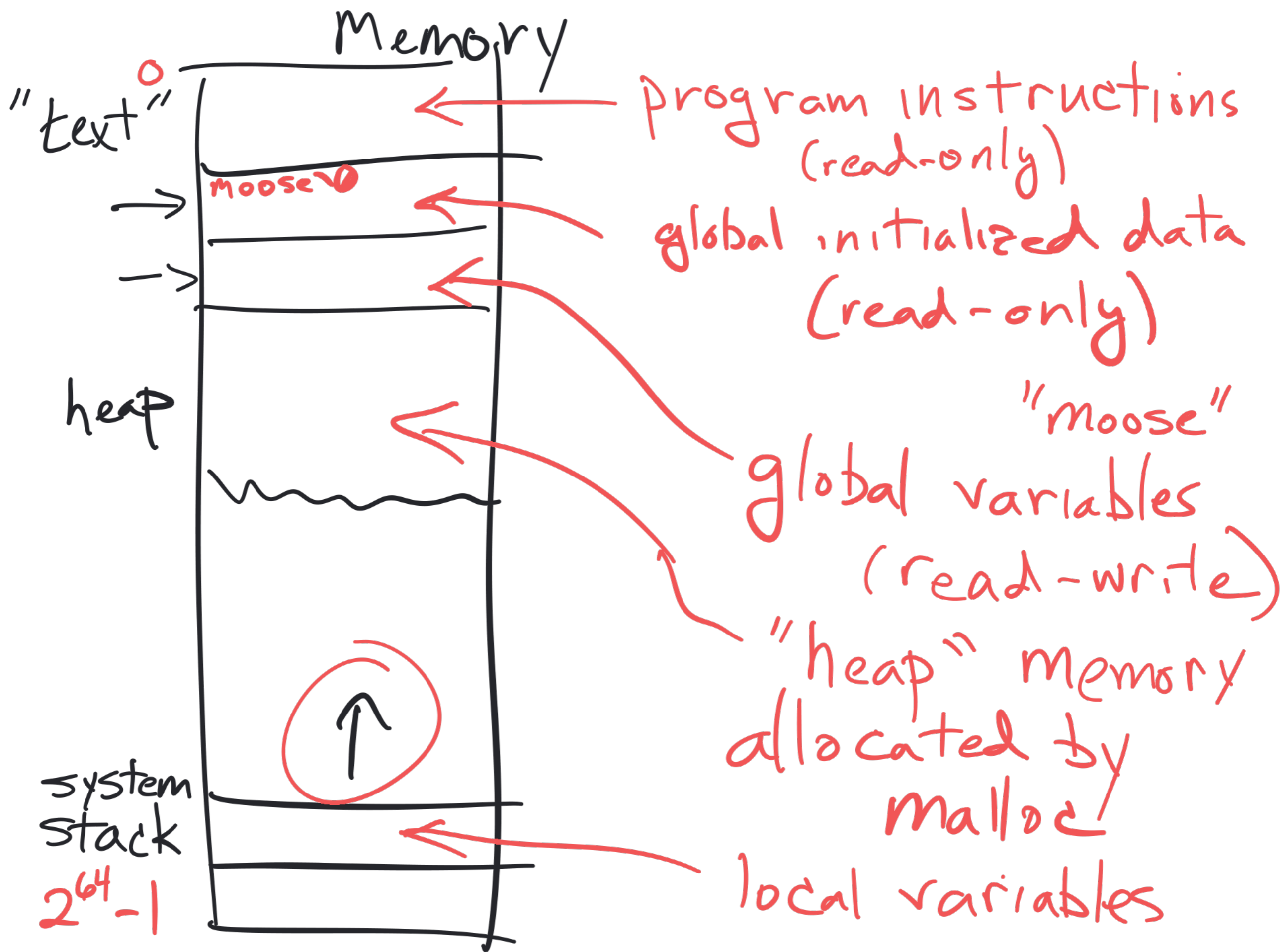


CS 208

Wed, || Jan 2023



Variables

int j;

① "Declaration"
there is a variable
named j of type int

② "Definition" — hey run-time
system, set aside
4 bytes to hold j
(sizeof(int))

```
int j = 5;
```

Declare (int, j)

Definition (4 bytes allocated)

Initialization (put 5 into those 4 bytes)

& operator (unary operator)

"the address of"

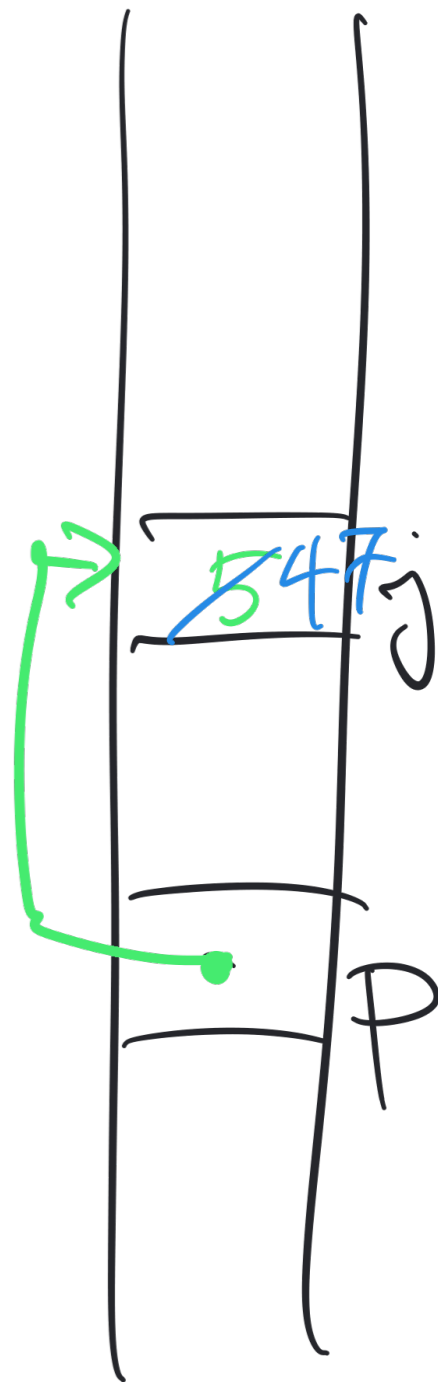
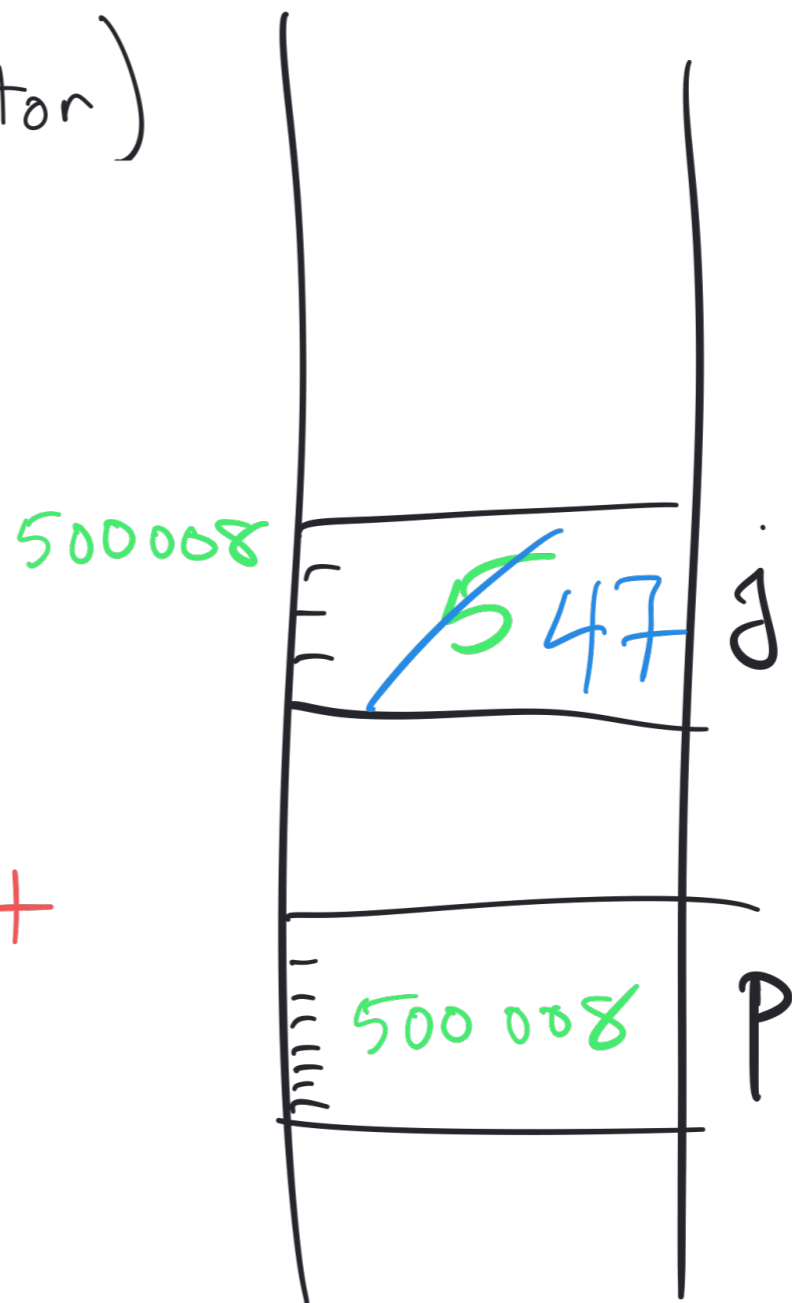
int j = 5;

int *p = &j;

↑ "pointer to" an int
↑ "address of" an int

*p = 47;

↑ dereferencing p

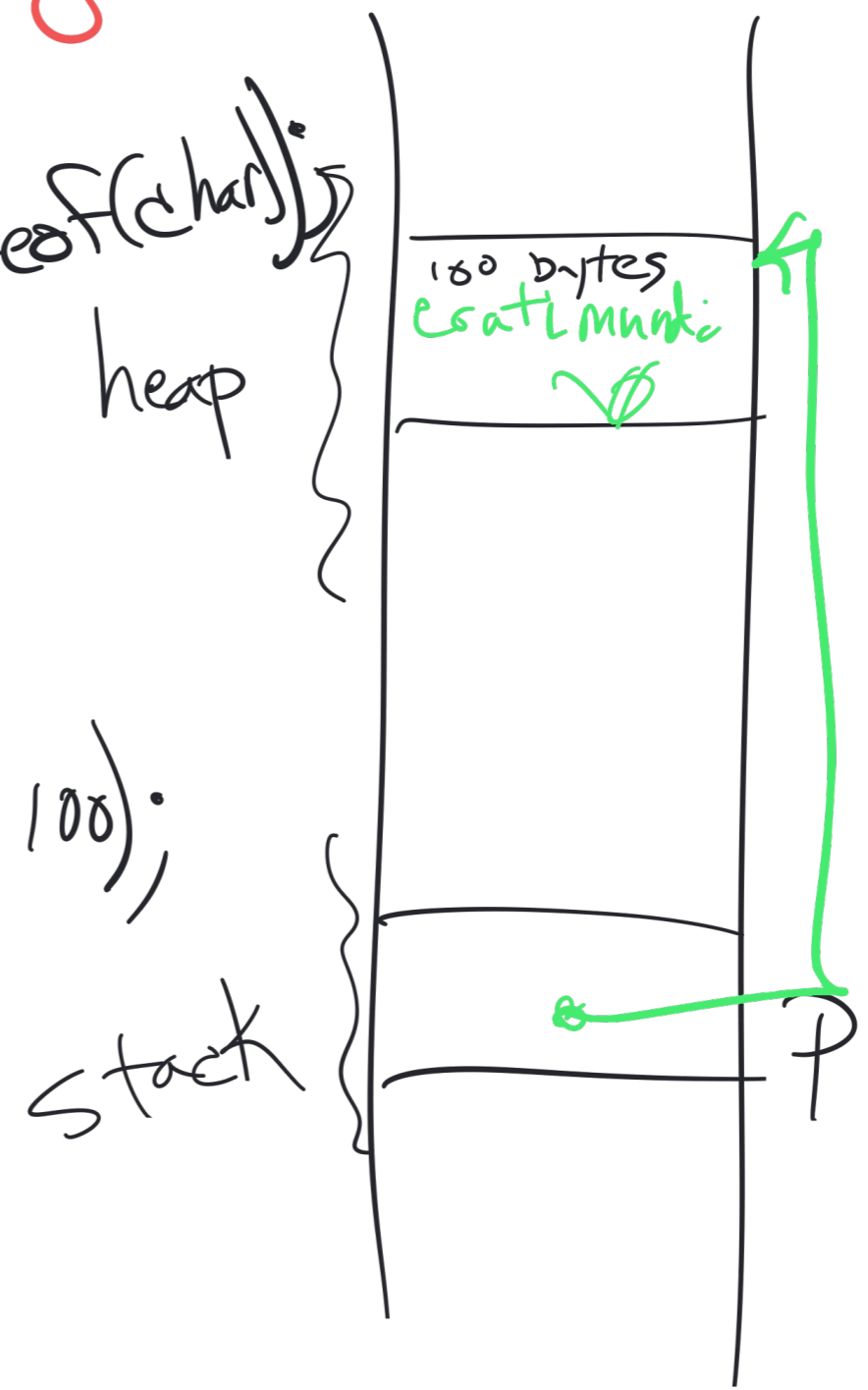


```

char *p;
p = (char *) malloc(100 * sizeof(char));
if (p == NULL) {
    uh-oh
    exit(1);
}
strncpy(p, "coatimundi", 100);
...
// Done w/ P?
free(p);

```

Type casting



typedef unsigned int size;

old type

new type

size j;

unsigned int j;

identical

```
struct circle {  
    int center_x;  
    int center_y;  
    int radius;  
};
```

```
struct circle c;  
c.center_x = 5;  
c.radius = 23;
```


typedef

```
struct circle {  
    int center_x;  
    int center_y;  
    int radius;  
}
```

old type

```
} circle;  
new type
```

```
circle c;  
c.center_x = 5;
```

circle c_j

circle $*p = \&c_j$

$(*p).center_x = 5_j$

$p \rightarrow center_y = 19_j$

